

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. IV.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T., FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1889.

No. 51.

Business Directory.

QU'APPELLE.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.
McIntosh Bros., Proprietors.

LELAND HOUSE.
Leve & Raymond, Proprietors.

S. H. CASWELL.
General Merchant.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP.
General Merchant.

G. H. V. BULYEA.
Insurance and General Agent, Dealer in Flour and Feed, Furniture, etc.

WM. BRYDON.
Chemist and Druggist.

P. E. DIERST.
Watchmaker and Jeweller.

W. H. BELL.
Wholesale and Retail Butcher, Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meat, Sausage, etc.

A. MCKENZIE.
Baker, Dealer in Fruits, Confectionery, etc.

J. G. MCKENZIE.
Merchant Tailor.

JAMES WEIDMAN.
Book and Job Printer and Publisher.

J. B. MILLIKEN & Co.
Harness and Saddlery.

S. H. COLLINS.
Boots and Shoes.

G. M. BAILEY.
Boot and Shoe repairing promptly executed on the premises formerly known as the McManus hotel.

D. H. McMEILAN, & BRO.
Qu'Appelle Roller Mills.

J. A. COWAN.
General Agent for A. Harris, Son & Co's Agricultural Implements, Qu'Appelle Stn.

H. A. AXFORD.
Agent for Messrs Manufacturing Co. Complete farmers outfits always on hand.

A. C. PATTERSON.
Forwarder & General Agent.

J. H. MACCAUL.
Lumber Merchant and Insurance Agent.

A. BOLLINGHEAD.
House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

J. B. ROBINSON.
Contractor, Builder, etc.

J. BURGHALL & SONS.
Builders & Contractors.

LEESON & SCOTT.
Private Albert Mail Stage line leaves Qu'Appelle every Tuesday morning.

R. JOHNSTON.
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

J. McEWEEN.
General Blacksmith.

FRANK MARWOOD.
General Blacksmith.

J. C. PIERCE.
Carriage and Wagon Maker.

J. R. BUNN.
Contractor for Paving, Kalsmining, Brickwork, Stone-work, etc.

E. J. WEIDMAN.
Dealer in Books, Stationery, etc. Agent for Organs and Sewing Machines.

LESLIE GORDON.
ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER FOR MANITOBA, &c.

Agent for Canada North West Land Co. and Qu'Appelle Town Site.

W. T. THOMPSON, D. T. S.
DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

G. S. DAVIDSON.
LAWYER, ATTORNEY.
For the North West Territories. Cases conducted on the shortest notice. Arrangements can be made at my Office, or at the Qu'Appelle Office.

QU'APPELLE.

REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co.
Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N. W. T.

The North-West.

News Culled for The Progress by our own correspondents.

BROADVIEW.

—Miss Wallace has gone to Regina to visit some friends. We hope she may enjoy herself.

—The cold snap continues. Men are drawing to their fur coats, and they tell me that they feel comfortable.

—Dr. Carter and family moved in here last week from Killarney, Southern Manitoba. He has taken up his abode in the house built by Dr. Dodd, and occupied by him some years ago. We hope the Dr. will have no desire to move out again for a long time to come.

—Mr. Kerr and wife, from the Donaldson settlement, fifteen miles south of here, started off on Tuesday night for California. Mr. Kerr's health necessitated this change. All here wish them a good voyage and prosperity in their new home. They are much respected around this neighborhood wherever known.

—Mrs. Rattray has been unwell for some time, and she and her friends were afraid that her lungs were giving up. She went to Brandon last Thursday morning much encouraged by his report after a careful examination. She only wants rest. We are all glad.

GRENFELL.

—The missionary meetings of the Methodist church were held here and at Summerbury on the evenings of the 14th and 15th inst.

—The meeting here was well attended considering the dark evening, and it was in every respect a successful one. The Rev. Dr. McLean, of Moose Jaw, being the deputation, both pleased and instructed us, as he told of the Indians, their customs, habits, religion, etc. Good singing was given by the choir, and the collection and subscriptions a good way beyond last year. The following evening at Summerbury, a more successful meeting than the former was held, the Dr. keeping the large gathering spell-bound for an hour and ten minutes. Subscriptions from \$10 to 25 cents. So the meeting ended, the deputation satisfied with what was given to the cause of Christ, and the people pleased and greatly benefited with the address delivered.

—The good "Methodist" of your town will be pleased to learn that the people of this point were glad to see once again the face of an ordained minister and to sit at the feet of a minister of learning and ability above the average. A very agreeable change, perhaps for this, one of the fields not so fortunate as some referred to, who must have their Timothy's that are not so able to lay foundations as the old Pauls, and are certainly not allowed to baptize the children, to marry or to be married, and last but not least, to administer the Sacrament.

—Preparations are being made by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church to have a social on the last evening of the month, the 31st inst. Singing, recitations, and addresses will be given.

—Friday, the 18th proved a typical hunting day and a good day's sport was enjoyed with Mr. Gynne's hounds. On the north side of the track a fox was viewed about a quarter of a mile away. The undulating land made it difficult to lay on the hounds but when this was accomplished we had a good run, the fox again cheating the hounds of the blood they so well deserved by

going to ground. Later we found in a patch of willows, and after a very sharp run, Rifle pulled him down in the open. After a bite of lunch we turned west and hunted a wolf 3 or 4 miles, but he was so shy and wary that the hounds never had a chance of getting on anything like terms with him, and he suddenly vanished, probably to the ground. Immediately after this an enormous jack-rabbit left up and gave a really splendid run. He seemed in the very pink of condition, and the hounds were tired after the long stern chase after the wolf. After going a long distance at a terrible pace, he gave us the slip on some fallow land. The field was composed of the master, Mr. Gynne, Messrs. Bolson, Bathurst, Coles, R. Copeland, T. Copeland, F. Aston, W. Hood, H. Coy and Whitlock.

MOOSE JAW.

—An interesting meeting of the Presbytery of Regina was held at Moose Jaw on Thursday, the 17th inst., to induct the Rev. S. J. Taylor into the pastorate of the Presbyterian church there. The Rev. Dr. McLean, of the Methodist church, and the Rev. K. McLennan, late of Charlottetown, P.E.I., were invited to sit as members of the court. Arrangements were made for the pastoral invitations of congregations. For this the Presbytery was divided into two parts—the convenor for the western part extending from Indian Head to Moose Jaw, being Mr. Ferry; and for the eastern section, from Wolsely to the boundary line, the clerk was appointed convenor. The induction services in the evening were conducted by the Rev. Mr. McLennan, who preached, Nichol, who presided and addressed the minister, and Bolson, who spoke to the congregation. Mr. Taylor's people and friends tendered him their hearty good wishes at the close of the meeting.

INDIAN HEAD.

—The 6th annual exhibition of the Agricultural Society was held in the Town Hall on Thursday, the 3rd inst. The Exhibition opened by His Excellency, Lord Stanley.

Houses—Heavy Draught, Stallion, Glenn & Graham. Brood mare, W. R. Bell. Stallion over 1,400 lbs. Boone & Miller.

Team, not less than 2,500 lbs. Filly or gelding, 3 years old, 1 & 2 W. R. Bell.

Filly or gelding, 2 years old, 1 W. R. Bell, 2 W. Malhot.

Colt, 1 year, 1 W. Malhot, 2 P. Isabel.

Brood mare with colt at side, 1 and 2 J. Whittingham.

Foal, '89, 1 Wm. Malhot, 2 J. Whittingham.

GENERAL PURPOSE.

Stallion, over 1000 and under 1,400 lbs. 1 Glenn & Graham, 2 Boone & Miller.

Team, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 E. Williamson.

Colt, filly or gelding, R. McLean. Brood mare with foal at side, 1 and 2 E. Williamson.

Foal '89, 1 and 2 E. Williamson.

Carriage horses in harness, 1 G. Bates, 2 S. Jackson.

Single horse in harness, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 W. Malhot.

Saddle horse, 1 Dan McLean, 2 W. H. Lee.

Pony under 14½, in saddle, A. W. Sherwood.

CATTLE.

Durham bull, John Dinnan.

Thoroughbred bull, other than Durham, any age, Skinner Bros.

Thoroughbred cow, Skinner Bros.

Milch cow, 1 John Dinnan, 2 Skinner Bros.

Grade cow, 1 and 2 John Dinnan.

Heifer, 2 years, 1 John Dinnan, 2 Levi Thompson.

Heifer, 1 years, 1 Levi Thompson, 2 Skinner Bros.

Calf '89, 1 P. Isabelle, 2 Skinner Bros.

Herd, bull and 3 grade females, 1 John Dinnan, 2 Skinner Bros.

Yoke oxen, Ralph Todd.

Fat animal, 1 John Dinnan, 2 Skinner Bros.

SHEEP.

Short wool ram, 1 J. Fessant, 2 Skinner Bros.

Short wool lamb, 1 and 2 J. Fessant.

Short wool ewes, 1 year and over, 1 J. Fessant.

Short wool ewe lambs, J. Fessant.

Pen short wool sheep, 1 ram and 3 ewes, J. Fessant.

Long wool ram, 1 P. Isabel, 2 Skinner Bros.

Long wool ram lamb, 1 R. Sanderson, 2 Skinner Bros.

Long wool ewes, 1 year and over, 1 Skinner Bros, 2 P. Isabel.

Long wool ewe lambs, 1 Skinner Bros, 2 R. Sanderson.

Pen long wool sheep, T. Skinner.

SWINE.

Boar 1 year old, Berkshire, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 E. J. Brooks.

Boar, Berkshire, under 1 year, 1 Skinner Bros, 2 Boone & Miller.

Boar, any other thoroughbred, under 1 year, Skinner Bros.

Sow, Berkshire, over 1 year, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 Skinner Bros.

Sow, any other breed, over 1 year, Skinner Bros.

Sow, grade, over 1 year, Skinner Bros.

Sow, Berkshire, under 1 year, 1 and 2 Boone & Miller.

Sow, any other thoroughbred, Skinner & Sons.

Sow, grade, W. H. Lee.

POULTRY.

Geese, 1 W. Malhot, 2 J. Brown.

Turkeys, P. Isabel.

Ducks, 1 Skinner Bros, 2 J. Brown.

Crop chickens, Plymouth Rocks, 1 W. Dickson, 2 Boone & Miller.

GRAINS.

Best 20 bushels Red Fife wheat, Boone & Miller.

Red Fife wheat, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 Skinner Bros, 3 W. R. Bell.

Any other wheat, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 James Harvey, 3 W. R. Motherwell.

White barley, 1 Skinner Bros, 2 Boone & Miller.

Black barley, 1 Skinner Bros, 2 Boone & Miller.

White oats, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 Skinner Bros.

Black oats, 1 Skinner Bros, 2 Boone & Miller.

Peas, small, 1 James Harvey, 2 Boone & Miller.

Peas, large, 1 Skinner Bros, 2 Boone & Miller.

Flax seed, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 Skinner Bros.

FIELD ROOTS.

Early Rose Potatoes, 1 James Harvey, 2 Boone & Miller.

Pearless potatoes, Skinner Bros.

Beauty of Hebron potatoes, 1 J. G. Milne, 2 A. T. Maclellan.

Morning star potatoes, 1 A. T. Maclellan, 2 Skinner Bros.

Swede turnip, 1 Boone & Miller, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

White turnips, J. Harvey.

Mangelwurzel, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 Skinner Bros.

Field carrots, T. Skinner.

VEGETABLES.

Early beets, 1 James Harvey, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

Long beets, 1 Skinner & Sons, 2 J. G. Milne.

Table carrots, Skinner & Sons, 2 James Harvey.

Farnips, 1 Skinner & Sons, 2 J. Harvey.

Early cabbage, Skinner & Sons.

Winter cabbage, Skinner & Sons.

Citrons, 1 A. T. Maclellan, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

Celery, 1 Skinner & Sons, 2 J. G. Milne.

Tomatoes, 1 Skinner & Sons, 2 W. Powell.

Red onions, 1 Skinner & Sons, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

White onions, Skinner & Sons.

Yellow onions, Skinner & Sons.

Potato onions, 1 James Harvey, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

Collection of vegetables, Skinner & Sons.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Tub or crock of butter, not less than 40 lbs, 1 S. Mitchell, 2 J. R. Harris.

Tub or crock of butter, not less than 20 lbs, 1 R. McLean, 2 W. Powell.

5 lbs butter in prints, 1 R. McLean, 2 Jas. Gilbert.

5 lbs butter in rolls, 1 Jas. Gilbert, 2 R. McLean.

Cheese, C. H. Bonesteel.

Bread, 1 C. H. Bonesteel, 2 J. R. Harris.

Mixed pickles, J. G. Milne, 2 Skinner & Sons.

Tomato catsup, 1 J. G. Milne, 2 W. Powell.

Collection of preserves, J. G. Milne.

Collection wild hops, James Harvey.

LADIES' WORK.

Brading work, 1 Jas. Gilbert, 2 W. Powell.

Crochet work, 1 W. Powell, 2 J. G. Milne.

Collection lace, 1 R. McLean, 2 W. Malhot.

Piece embroidery, 1 & 2 J. M. McDonald.

Fancy knitting, 1 and 2 Jas. Gilbert.

Berlin wool work, 1 Jas. Gilbert, 2 W. Powell.

Woolen socks, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 C. H. Bonesteel.

Mitts, W. R. Motherwell.

Stockings, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 W. Powell.

Patchwork quilt, silk, J. M. McDonald.

Patchwork, other than silk, 1 J. M. McDonald, 2 Jas. Gilbert.

Macramé work, 1 J. G. Milne, 2 W. Powell.

Yarn mat, J. G. Milne.

Hand made shirt, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 Jas. Gilbert.

Machine-made shirt, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 C. H. Bonesteel.

A PLEASING DISCOVERY.

I suffer with neuralgia and obtained no relief until advised to try Haggard's Yellow Oil. Since then I have found it to be a valuable remedy also for burns, sore throat and rheumatism.

Mrs. F. CAMERON, 197 Richmond St., W. Toronto, Ont.

The surveys and plans of the proposed Canadian Pacific railway extension through Hamilton are completed, and have been forwarded to Montreal for the approval of the directors.

THE ALERT WATCHMAN.

Warms us of approaching danger, & backing cough warns us of coming consumption. Take time by the forelock and use Haggard's Pectoral Balsam, the simplest, safest and best cure for coughs, colds, asthma, hoarseness, bronchitis, and all throat and lung troubles.

The indications as to the condition of trade throughout the United States are satisfactory. Our commercial tel-grams from the chief industrial centres state that considerable activity continues, and that the prospects for the fall trade are very favorable. The crop reports are also of an encouraging nature. One weak feature in the business situation is that at present the Kentucky markets are unsettled, owing to a probable exaggerated fear of the damage crops have sustained from frost.

TAKE NO CHANCES.

But depend on cold feet. Nothing equals Haggard's Yellow Oil for burns, scalds, foot-blisters, neuralgia, chilblains, cramps, sore throat and aches and pains of every description. No matter where the pain or sore is, or from what it arises, Haggard's Yellow Oil gives quick relief.

most corrupt plots ever brought to the notice of the public was outlined by States Attorney Longenecker's right hand man, Mr. Mills, Saturday afternoon. The conspiracy not only includes county officials but outsiders of high standing. Several arrests have already been made, and more will follow.

"State's Attorney Longenecker desires me to say," said Mr. Mills, who was commissioned by the State's Attorney to talk to reporters, "that this plot has not been disclosed because it would have defeated justice had the information we possessed been made public. We cannot now give any names or the details, but an outline of this conspiracy can now be given to the public."

"I will be remembered," continued the attorney, "that on last Wednesday afternoon an honest young man who is employed as a foreman in a large establishment in this city was examined and accused for cause."

"On Thursday afternoon," said Mr. Mills, "a very prominent citizen of Chicago entered the court room and very privately communicated to the counsel for the State that his foreman, the very man in question, before being called to the jury box had been approached by a bailiff of the court with an offer of \$1,000 to be a witness for the defendant. He said: 'This is not a 'cock and bull' story, and I bring it before you in the interest of public justice.' He then went away, and the next morning one of the counsel for the State went to the man who had been offered a bribe, and the moment he saw the foreman he recognized him as a man whose honesty and independence had impressed upon the counsel for the State while he was sitting in the jury box. The man made a full statement, and was requested by the counsel for the State to come to the State's Attorney's office and repeat his statement in full. The man, with tears in his eyes, said: 'It involves a friend, but if it involved myself I would hold the law and honor.'

"Pursuant to appointment the foreman attended at the State's Attorney's office, and having made a full statement of everything that took place was requested to step into an anti room and the bailiff was summoned. He proved to be the same man who was in the Criminal Court, who, during the trial or attempt to procure a jury, has been in charge of one of the five prisoners—Coughlin. The bailiff was questioned closely by the State's Attorney and his associates, but he professed profound ignorance until the foreman was called from the anteroom. The foreman was requested to repeat the statement by him made, which he did, whereupon the bailiff made a complete confession, in which he implicated several prominent persons, also another bailiff. The attorney for the prosecution, together with Chief Hollander and others, at once went to work on the case and have disclosed one of the most deliberate attempts to corrupt a jury and to defeat the law of Illinois which has yet come to the public attention."

Mr. Mills subsequently said: "These confessions reveal a most damnable organization against the law of the land, a conspiracy against the jurisprudence of this country, which will stir the conscience when it is thoroughly known—a conspiracy of ramifications, of audacity, a conspiracy involving men whose names will be a stigma to the country. It is not exaggeration when I say that you cannot imagine the damnable outrages of this conspiracy. In the telling off of Dr. Cronin, and the manner in which it was done, the whole world was shocked. This second conspiracy will shake the very integrity of our institutions."

A HORRIBLE DEATH.

A Human Being Died in a Network of Wires.

New York, Oct. 14.—An electric light man named John Pecky was killed by an electric light wire on Friday afternoon at the corner of Center and Chambers streets. He was employed by the Western Union Company, and presented a terrible sight as he lay on the network of wires in mid air, while the deadly fluid actually poured in his body and over the blinding of the horrible spectators. The accident occurred in the middle of the day, in one of the busiest parts of the city, was witnessed by a large number of people. The man's body lay limp and motionless over the mass of wires attached to the cross-arm of the pole. The firemen brought out a ladder, and one went up with a pair of pliers to cut the wires. The man was found to be dead. He probably touched the electric light wires by accident. He had removed a wire it was said the firemen went to the factory and had the current turned off. Attendants of the Canal Hospital and Central Saturday afternoon appeared at the corner of Chambers and Center streets and commenced to cut down the poles. The Motor Company, which was a witness, cut off the way up Center street.

The Victim is Identified.

New York, Oct. 14.—The jury in the case of John Pecky returned into court at 11 a.m. and read a verdict of manslaughter with a recommendation to mercy. The verdict was reached in complete silence. The jury consisted of eight men, and the prosecution was represented by the district attorney, and the defense by a prominent lawyer.

New York, Oct. 14.—Donald Pecky, the man who was killed, was a native of Scotland and had been in the city for several years.

A writ has been issued against Peter Pecky, M.P.P., of the instance of James Pecky, of Westchester, London, claiming \$5,000 damages for alleged criminal conversation with Mrs. Pecky and the destruction of his wife's affections.

The Grand Captain of the Orange Grand Lodge, Rev. W. E. Wilson, of Toronto, has suggested to take Rev. Dr. Moore's place at the approaching Goupier Plot celebration in Ottawa, and will preach the anniversary sermon on Sunday afternoon, November 2nd.

A sumptuous repast was provided, and during the evening Mr. Wiman, Mr. Goldwin Smith and others made brief speeches, drawing attention to the objects of the conference, and welcoming the delegates to Canadian soil.

In Mr. Wiman's speech he pointed out the rare gifts Canada had at her disposal, and the advantages the obligation of the

Customs barrier would be both to her and to the United States. He pointed out that the whole six millions of dollars of duties collected on raw material from Canada, divided among the sixty millions of population, absolutely amounts to less than a ten cent per annum. Mr. Wiman further said commercial union on the North American Continent, at between Canada and the United States, is within the possibilities of the next five or ten years, and that purely by concurrent legislation at Washington and Ottawa, it might take longer to create a Customs union so as to include all the nations represented by the delegates, but a movement on the North would greatly stimulate movement toward the South, by showing its practicability and enormous advantages.

One certain result would flow from this union on the Continent of North America, that of leaving the cost of manufacture in the United States by a needed supply of raw material and cheapened food, and this would not greatly in the effect which the Congress is now engaged in seeking to extend the commerce toward the South, at the same time creating a demand for manufacturers on the North. Under the circumstances, as peculiar to this hour, the movement toward a commercial union between Canada and the United States most possess a great interest for the delegates to the International Congress, and Mr. Wiman said, although it was Sunday, and some of his Canadian friends felt that he had somewhat invaded the sacredness of the day, he felt that the present occasion was in a certain sense an epoch in the history of the country so important as Canada, especially in its relation to the United States, and thereby affecting to a large degree the questions which the Congress would consider. In the Providence of God he (the speaker) was in a certain sense a messenger between the two countries, at once a humble subject of Her Majesty on the one hand, and a grateful guest of the great people of this country on the other. He could not resist the opportunity to this vivify bring to the notice of the delegates a movement in the North toward commercial union, which was in harmony with the movement in the South in the same direction, and which was also in harmony with the progress of mankind the world over. The day of the filibuster was passed. This meant that the whole world was turning toward a fulfillment of the prophecy that uttered in the Redeemer of the world: "Peace on earth, good will toward men."

Mayor Clarke, H. W. Darling, of Toronto, and others, expressed their regret at the unavoidable absence, but wished every success to the banquet and a pleasant time to the visitors. The party broke up shortly after 6 o'clock, having given very enthusiastic over their visit.

VICTORIA UNIVERSITY
Will be Discussed at a Special Meeting of Congress.

TORONTO, Oct. 14.—The Victoria University difficulty has advanced another step. The board of regents met yesterday with its advisory committee and decided not to accept what has been known as the Colongue plan, but offered to leave the matter to a special session of the present general conference. Dr. Kerr was quite certain that this proposition would not be received by the regents, and the board perhaps may be considered to have expressed a similar opinion by preparing actively for defending the local action. The General Conference Special Committee decided to call the Conference of 1910 in session, on the second Wednesday of January next, provided the Colongue plan is agreed to by its decision. It is not considered likely that such agreement will be reached.

At the same time the Civic Reception Committee was presented with a handsome silver service as a testimonial to his services in the capacity named, and particularly as a mark of appreciation on the part of the public of the part he took in the Dominion Day celebration arrangements.

The Public Library Board has instructed John Clark, Q.C., to prepare a report on the need for a national library, and has decided to establish and maintain.

F. A. Gannon has been committed for trial on the charge of perjury.

R. J. Clouston, of Montreal, is in the city with a commission from the Quebec Government to investigate the working of the jury system in Ontario, Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. The administration of the system in Quebec has created deep dissatisfaction, and on Mr. Clouston's report reforms will be based.

At the annual meeting of the Young Men's Association, held on Saturday, Mr. R. G. Fleming was elected president for the year.

It is said that Harry Darling, President of the Bank Committee and a member of the firm of McManister, Darling & Co., has never his connection with that firm and assume more active duty in connection with the bank.

Lord Howe (George Augustus Howe) was born in England in 1724, and was a soldier in the army at Fort Mifflin, 1758. He entered the army at a very early age, soon rose to distinction, and in 1757 was sent to America in command of the 60th Regiment, arriving at Halifax in July of that year. He was transferred to the command of the 50th Infantry and was promoted brigadier general.

On July 26, 1778, under Commander-in-Chief James Abernethy, he landed at the outlet of Lake George. Coming suddenly upon the French forces two days later at Fort Ticonderoga, he fell at the head of his corps in the ensuing skirmish. The General Court of Massachusetts appropriated £250 for his monument, which was erected in Westminster Abbey.

The death of Lord Howe. The skull was found, but the rest of the bones were disjointed and considerably decayed. As soon as it had been learned about the village an immense crowd of people assembled, and many made desperate efforts to procure pieces of the bones. The coffin, which was of oak, was in a fairly good state of preservation, and it was with great difficulty that people were prevented from cutting it to pieces for relics. Several years ago the street where the remains were found was filled in several feet, which accounts for the depth of the coffin's location. The remains were finally reinterred at once in the village cemetery.

Lord Howe (George Augustus Howe) was born in England in 1724, and was a soldier in the army at Fort Mifflin, 1758. He entered the army at a very early age, soon rose to distinction, and in 1757 was sent to America in command of the 60th Regiment, arriving at Halifax in July of that year. He was transferred to the command of the 50th Infantry and was promoted brigadier general.

On July 26, 1778, under Commander-in-Chief James Abernethy, he landed at the outlet of Lake George. Coming suddenly upon the French forces two days later at Fort Ticonderoga, he fell at the head of his corps in the ensuing skirmish. The General Court of Massachusetts appropriated £250 for his monument, which was erected in Westminster Abbey.

THE ST. JOHN TRAGEDY.

Continuation of the Inquest—The Prisoner Said to Be Guilty.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Oct. 14.—The inquest on the death of Mr. Melville was not adjourned until midnight yesterday. Three important witnesses were examined—F. E. Barker, head of the firm of T. B. Barker & Sons; H. W. Barker, of the firm; and Mr. Gerow, of the firm. All three testified unhesitatingly to the sanity of William McDonald.

The evidence of H. W. Barker and Gerow taken altogether unquestionably justified the arrest of McDonald. Through the witnesses it was learned that the prisoner has a duplicate key, and had access to the whole sale department at all hours, and that such key got made for his own use, having borrowed a key for the purpose from a fellow clerk.

The boxes in which the poisoned candy was sent were produced in court, and H. W. Barker recognized in them boxes in all respects similar to those in the firm's warehouse department containing Stewart's three inch loaves.

It also came out that three broken packages were found by Detective Ring, and that they turned the wrong end into the shelf as if placed that way to escape notice.

CHINESE VILLAINS.

A Horrible Society of the Heavens Discovered in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—A call for a meeting of the "League of Heaven and Earth," posted in Chinatown, reveals the strength and boldness of the Chinese secret society, which has been in existence in China since the Tsinan rebellion. It is stated that here was known only to members, but it has grown much lately, and it is said that since the beginning of the year it has made its power felt in the city. The society was originally founded by native Chinese to secure the overthrow of the Tartar dynasty, and has now become like the Highlanders' societies, a machine for mail and vengeance. Its present feature is that its victims are removed completely, no trace of the corpse being left to serve as a clue to the crime. Six Chinese are said to have suffered death at its hands within the last few months, but relatives can get no facts about their fates.

WAS MONEY AN OBJECT?

A Man Who Was Likely to Be Foreman of the Jury Was Open for Offers.

BUFFALO, Oct. 14.—The Ontario Canning Company yesterday obtained a judgment for \$2,817 against William Burgess, the cannery man, whose failure and flight to the States will be remembered in Toronto. Burgess has been here in jail for several months, the Canning Company making allegations of fraud in the case and Burgess being unable to get bail.

A man who had been indicted concerning a connection with the case, Adam Rice, one of the jurors, last night wrote President Carpenter of the Canning Company that his (Rice's) name was likely to be chosen foreman of the jury and if the company needed any help he could be seen at a certain hotel. Judge Gault had been told of this and sentenced him to thirty days in the Erie County Penitentiary for writing this letter.

She Succeeded Her Creditors.

BRIMLEY, Ont., Oct. 14.—Some four months ago a lady of good address, who gave her name as Mrs. J. C. de la Roche, arrived here from Chicago, accompanied by her three children, an elderly gentleman of dissipated appearance, and to be her maid and a young man, alleged to be the brother or her husband, whom it was stated, she had been expelled from home. She opened a store on Front street, for the sale of ladies' and children's underwear, and did a fair business, on the strength of which she obtained credit for stock, furniture and other necessaries of her kind. This morning it was discovered that she had left her premises, and that the creditors, whether the male members of the family went some three weeks ago. On Tuesday last she left, telling her creditors she was going to Toronto and would return next day, which was the last seen of her. The children—three little girls—were withdrawn from the school yesterday last week. There is but a small chance of their being recovered, as there is \$2,000 due for rent and a considerable amount for wages, the creditors will face but badly. Mrs. Jackson is credited with similar exploits in other places.

Thursday, Nov. 7th, will be a hallowing day.

Hard coal is selling for \$0.50 per ton in Winnipeg.

Mr. John Dale, postmaster, at Thorold, died of apoplexy on Sunday.

The Alumni Association of Wycliffe College, in session at Toronto.

Mr. Samuel Sorensen, 57, for fifty years a resident of London, Ont., is dead.

Hon. E. R. Oakes, a member of the Nova Scotia Legislative Council, is dead.

The Grand Trunk report declares a dividend of \$1.10 for the half year.

Matilda Metlocky, 27, Toronto, committed suicide by taking Paris green.

Hon. Gums Turner has resigned from the Blair Government in New Brunswick.

Large quantities of potatoes are being shipped from Nova Scotia to Boston.

Mr. Stephen Andrews, the well-known shipbuilder, of Port Dufferin, is dead.

The West York and Vaughan Exhibition at Woodbridge was a gratifying success.

The Central Board of Methodist Missions concluded their annual session at London.

The Central Board of Missions of the Methodist Church held session at London.

Wheat is now passing through Winnipeg for the east at the rate of 100 cars per day.

A public meeting was held at Lindsay to take steps to develop the local iron interest.

During September the net debt of the Dominion has been \$2,463,554.

A peculiar disease has broken out among the cattle in the Stonewall district of Manitoba.

A resident of Guelph has fallen heir to an estate yielding an income of \$150,000 a year.

Mr. Thomas Workman, sr., the millionaire hardware merchant of Montreal, is dead.

The Home Missions Committee of the Presbyterian Church is in session in Toronto.

It is proposed to start an umbrella factory in Toronto, in which 200 hands will be employed.

A disastrous fire occurred at Cook's Mills, Algoma District, and caused a loss of some \$20,000.

An elderly man named Graham was found dead in his bed in a Strathroy boarding house.

Lord Stanley and party arrived at Lethbridge, N.W.T., and were most cordially welcomed.

Rev. Prof. Shaw expresses satisfaction with Hon. Mr. Mercier's reply to the Protestant Committee.

Two new churches, a Presbyterian and a Baptist, were opened in the suburbs of Toronto on Sunday.

The Tabernacle memorial statue at Ottawa University was unveiled in the presence of a large concourse of people.

A fire in Barrie destroyed or damaged considerable property belonging to the Bank of Toronto and others.

The Norwegian Legion Terpsichore, Capt. Neilson, from Liverpool to Quebec, has been wrecked. The crew were saved.

Further details of the failure of the firm of Penner, Peck & Piesch show that their liabilities will be at least \$75,000.

Archbishop Tache's visit to Ottawa is believed to be in connection with the projected Manitoba school legislation.

Senator Guernsey was brutally assaulted at the Brunswick Hotel, Sorel, and is now in hospital.

Roy & Co., the great Belgian iron and foundrymen, will establish works at St. Hyacinthe, Que., employing 60 men.

Dr. Gilmore, M.P.P. for West York, has been elected to the House of Commons.

The crew of the barque Zuleika, picked up by the Petrolcoine, now at Dalhousie, N.B., were shipwrecked three times in a month.

William Paul and Charles Fraser, of Rat Portage, were killed by the explosion of a threshing machine boiler at Grafton, Dakota.

A quantity of oleomargarine has been seized by the customs authorities at St. Thomas. It was brought over from the States.

Thomas Johnson, charged with murdering his little step-child, May Williams, has been found guilty of manslaughter at the Windsor Assizes.

A boiler in Davey's shingle mill at Lindsay exploded, killing John Poles, the engineer, and leveling the mill to the ground.

A strong company has been formed in Montreal to operate a line of steamers on the Ottawa River, between that city and the capital.

Two hundred Victoria students met at Montreal on Wednesday night and protested against the union of the Victoria and Laval medical schools.

The Minister of Justice at Ottawa has decided that the Ontario legislation incorporating certain assessment insurance companies is invalid.

Mr. Moore, an Ottawa teacher, has been elected and named as Deputy Minister of Education for Manitoba, under Hon. Joseph Martin.

Students of Victoria Medical College, Montreal, have been marking their disapprobation of the amalgamation of Laval by various demonstrations.

An important meeting of the Board of Victoria College has been held. A special meeting of the General Conference may become necessary.

It is estimated that the Manitoba Government will have at least a majority of nine or ten, probably thirteen or fourteen, when they introduce their legislation respecting dual language and Separate schools.

The Teachers' Institute, held at Plantagenet, was a strong resolution of thanks to Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, for the interest he has taken in the educational affairs of Prescott and Russell.

At the opening of the United Laval and Valcartier School of Medicine at Montreal, 100 of the Victoria students left the lecture hall in a body, claiming that they had not been a fair division of the chairs.

The Omar has arrived in Berlin.

Ex-King Milan of Serbia is now in Paris. His health has advanced in price at Glasgow.

Stories of Turkish brutality are still coming from Crete.

W. E. Soave, civil engineer, died suddenly at Port Rowan.

Dr. Von Steinhilber, Catholic Archbishop of Munich, is dead.

Dr. Von Steinhilber, Catholic Archbishop of Munich is dead.

A wife-beater was flogged at the Baltic House, in London.

Prof. Delecker, the Vienna lunacy specialist, is dead.

The British ironclad Anson is aground in the Harbor of Kiel.

Track laying has commenced on the Great North West Central.

An attempt is being made in New York to form a carpet trust.

Ohio's wool yield this year is set down at 57,000,000 pounds.

A convention between Russia and the Vatican has been signed.

The death is reported at Napanee of Mr. Edmund Hooper, ex-M.P.

It is proposed to connect Lake Erie with the Ohio by a canal.

The great anti-parasitic School of Medicine at Paris has been burned.

Sir Benjamin Samuel Phillips, ex-Lord Mayor of London, is dead, aged 73.

Gen. Frevier has been appointed Grand Chancellor of the Legion of Honor.

Sir Benjamin Samuel Phillips, ex-Lord Mayor of London, is dead, aged 73.

Judge Olivier, of the Centres of Prescott and Russell, died suddenly at Ottawa.

Another telegraph lineman was killed by a live electric light wire in New York.

The Russian envoy to the Vatican has had another conference with the Pope.

Gilbert & Sullivan are preparing a new comic opera, treating of a Venetian subject.

British miners are determined to have their working days cut down to eight hours.

Boulangier's promised invasion of France commenced with a grand fire of sea-sickness.

The farmers of Stevens County, Kansas, have suffered four successive crop failures.

The French Conservatives have entirely broken off their alliance with the Boulangists.

The British gunboat Enterprise was wrecked on the Island of Anguilla during the gale.

John Laidlaw, a farmer aged 71 years, dropped dead while going to his work, near Sparta.

The majority against prohibition in Connecticut with twelve towns to hear from, is 2,884.

Count Dillon is at Brussels, and is thought to be consulting Prince Victor Napoleon.

The General Council of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of North America, opened at Pittsburgh.

Delegates to the International Maritime Conference are beginning to arrive at Washington.

President Carnot has specially thanked the Pope for his neutrality in the recent French elections.

A despatch from Johnstown, Pa., states that five bodies have been taken out of the Stony Creek river.

The General Council of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of North America is in session at Pittsburgh.

Tobacco has destroyed 500,000 pounds of tobacco in the Flamingburg, Ky., district in the last few nights.

Four bodies of men from Huron have been drowned by the capsizing of two fishing boats on Lake Huron.

It is reported that the Duchess of Marlborough has given orders for the sale of her New York estate.

Judge Baker has refused to release Woodruff, one of the Cronin suspects, on a motion for a writ of habeas corpus.

Judge Day has decided that the law in New York State providing for execution by electricity is unconstitutional.

The Canadian Pacific 4 per cent. bonds were rapidly taken up in London and quickly advanced 1/2 in price.

Several cases of yellow fever are reported at Key West, but there is apparently no danger of the disease spreading.

The Grand Encampment of Knights Templar at Washington voted to hold the next convocation, three years hence, at Denver.

Emperor William inspected the British squadron at Kiel, and afterwards gave a banquet in honor of the English officers.

James Mortimer, formerly of Chatham, was found dead in bed in a Detroit hotel. It is supposed that he committed suicide.

Viccount Cranbrook, Lord President of the Privy Council of England, is about to leave for the Colonies, owing to ill health.

A fire occurred at the Jackson, Mich., Penitentiary yesterday, and the convicts worked like beavers to extinguish the flames.

The body of Charles Orris, the former Toronto man, who murdered his mother and then committed suicide, was cremated at Buffalo.

Two thousand workwomen of East London held a meeting and resolved to organize, with a view to improving their condition.

The Alaskan Commercial Company say it is possible they may not renew their lease of the Behring's Sea sealing privilege, which expires next May, owing to the depression of the fur market.

The Novorossiya, which is supposed to speak the mind of the Russian Government, says the Czar's visit to Berlin will not affect the political situation.

Further disasters in the gale on the British coast are reported. The steamship City of Paris had her decks swept and a woman and a child were drowned.

Twelve Presbyterian missionaries, who sailed from New York for Bombay, were given a farewell reception by prominent New York Presbyterians.

For Prohibition.

WHAT WE BELIEVE.

A Vermont Prohibitionist Tells Why We Are Here.

Prohibitionists believe that (a) the cause for which they are contending is God's cause, and calls for their prayers, their best efforts and their sacrifices. Since 1844, when the party first obtained such a strong foothold in American politics, more temperance measures have been introduced in congress and in state legislatures, more prohibitory measures striven for and gained, than in the twenty years preceding. The wisdom of its introduction into politics has thus been demonstrated, the people have been educated and public sentiment developed as never before, and a mighty leavening power is going on in American politics. (b) A vote cast intelligently, conscientiously, for right measures, is never lost. Foundations must be laid before structures are built thereon. The sower and reaper alike rejoice in the abundant harvest. (c) Temperance men, who believe that the Prohibition issue is paramount to all others, and who cast their votes in with any party which can control or influence by a safe element, alone lose their votes. (d) The object of the party is not to defeat one party more than the other, it is to defeat all parties, to become itself the dominant power, in order that it may be enabled to do away entirely with the liquor traffic. As far as temperance measures are concerned, neither of the other parties do serve the interests of the people. Neither of them has ever given to the country an entirely successful government, inasmuch as they have not protected the weak and helpless ones in their borders. No government can be called a successful one that cannot or will not protect the inmates of their homes from their greatest foe. How pitiful it has been in the past to see the efforts that women have made in defense of their homes and children. How they have prayed and worked in the temperance cause, while in a great measure they who should do this work have stood idly by. The question is frequently asked, "Why a Prohibition party in Vermont, where such prohibitory laws have been passed?" (a) It is necessary in order to support the national work, to have a state organization. Vermont's four electoral votes are wanted in 1892 for the Prohibition candidates. (b) There is need of a party that will see that the prohibitory laws are enforced as well as the laws against stealing. Prohibitionists promise to see to their enforcement if elected, and are now seeking for a constituency to put them into the position of enforcement in view. The Prohibition party, when in power, will have been put in by a majority vote, and therefore will have a constituency lack of whom who demand their enforcement. The Republican party in this state has failed to do their duty in the matter. They have, and are now seeking to put into power some man who does not look with favor upon the law. This action is a preventative to its enforcement, for it discourages others who otherwise would see to its enforcement. The third party, therefore, seeks to draw to itself the state men who believe in the law, and to leave in its being strictly enforced. I quote, in conclusion, the words of that noble Christian temperance worker, Miss Frances E. Willard, in her mighty movement for protecting the home by outlawing the saloon was born of woman's fears and agonies. The prayer of the gentle has become the purpose of the strong; the plan of the White Ribboners has become the programme of a party; the hope of the defenseless has grown to be the oath of the defender."

F. H. SHEPARD.

A Saloon Keeper's Speech.

The following is a saloon keeper's speech on exhibiting his wages for a prize at a state fair. Gentlemen, I took this boy out of a Sunday school only eighteen months ago. His father is dead. The old man voted for license all his days, and left his son for me to practice upon. See! In eighteen months his mother has died of a broken heart, and he has become what you behold—all bloated, dirty and diseased. Good work don't you think so? Moreover, under a permit for pay, the boy is my partner in this business, and should not discredit this beautiful specimen of our pitiful handiwork. Oh, God! how much longer will the people of any commonwealth vote to have their state a party to the contract in such guiltiness?"

Commonplace ignorance.

It seems a hard saying, but it is true, that the saloons have no such faithful friends, and the cause of righteousness and morality no such dangerous foes, as the ignorant educated men of the country. Profoundly instructed in all that the colleges teach, profoundly ignorant as to the actual facts of political practice, their commanding influence, on account of their education in some laws, gives them influence which becomes an influence for evil, because of their ignorance in other lines. Accustomed to lead in things they understand, they endeavor to lead in those things they do not understand, and so lead the people astray. Blind leaders of the blind, both fall into the ditch.—The Charlotte Prohibitionist.

Prohibition Freemasons.

The Prohibition party is young and fresh, afraid of nobody and has a way of kicking that is astonishing. It says things, and occasionally some one of its members does something. It feeds on prayer and song and angels food and gives birth to heroes and martyrs. It is a glacial child, for its father the church, does not dare own it or support it. Its mother is dead to the law because the W. C. T. U. is not allowed to vote, while it seems to want to kill off and get rid of its mother by law—the Prohibition party. Too

Our Chief Concern.

The Prohibition party's "chief concern" is for the purity of the home and the virtue and sobriety of the people. It is today the only avowed and consistent party ally which the home and labor have, for it would make the blessings of home cheap and remove altogether its curse; it would bring labor to sobriety and in sure employment, it would keep the factories busy to clothe the home, the farms active to feed it, and would give our whole industrial system the impetus of a prosperity never yet known and never possible till the saloons are put away. I shall bear with glad heart and reverent hands the only party standard on which is inscribed, "For God, and Home, and Native Land"—the standard of the only party which is the guardian of home's best interests and the defender of the nation through time.—Chicago B. R. R.

The Lure of the Broom.

Real reforms do not come by piecemeal. The children of Israel did not leave Egypt by comities. They organized a party and did not desert it. If they had tried the "local option" plan they would never have reached the promised land, but would have remained in the Pharaoh party, working at making bricks without straw.—Southern Star.

Prohibition Prohibits.

In consequence of the enforcement of the law forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquors, as reported in New Hampshire, the American Express company has issued orders for its employees to receive for transportation no such liquors to be sold in the state, and to decline to receive shipments of liquor C. O. D. or P. O. C.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES.

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

No dissatisfied customers. It is the only preparation of its kind.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is recommended by the doctors to be the BEST and ONLY preparation of its kind for the treatment of CONSUMPTION, GENERAL DEBILITY, Wasting Diseases of Children, and CHRONIC COUGHS.

Sold by all Druggists, 50c and \$1.00.

-G-R-I-P-

Canada's Comic Paper.

J. W. BENDIS, Author and Editor.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

\$2 a Year; \$1 for 6 Months.

GRIP is increasing in influence and popularity every year. It is a son-of-a-household favorite, with every Family and Professional and Business Man enjoys the clever bits which appear in every issue.

Subscribe now!

See our Premium and Clubbing List. Circulars giving full particulars sent free.

15c Lock-out for Grip's Comic Almanac for 1888. Price 10 cents.

ADDRESS: GRIP PUBLISHING CO. Toronto, Ont.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

Executed at the office of

The Qu'Appelle Progress

—THE— Canadian Pacific Railway

—IS THE— Short & Direct Line

TO THE EAST.

Through trains leave Winnipeg daily (except Thursdays) at 10 o'clock, for Port Arthur, London, Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Kingston, Ottawa, Portland, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, Boston, New York and all other points in Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces and Eastern States.

No Change of Cars Between Winnipeg and Montreal.

At North Bay direct connection is made with trains for the Northern and Northwestern routes for Toronto and all points in Western Ontario.

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE Between Winnipeg, Montreal, Toronto.

ELEGANT DINING CARS attached to all through trains.

FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS.

When going east travel by this line and avoid unpleasant transfers and trouble in getting your baggage through the customs.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

Will be paid for

WHEAT

Delivered at the

QU'APPELLE Roller Mills.

We beg to announce that our Roller Mills at Qu'Appelle Station, near the mouth of the Qu'Appelle River, are now open for business, and that we are prepared to supply the Farmers of the Municipality of Qu'Appelle, with Flour, Bran and Middlings, on exchange for Wheat on the most liberal terms.

We are also prepared to crush Barley and Oats for Feed.

D. H. McMillan & Co.

Sale of Farm Lands

AND TOWN PROPERTY.

In Assiniboia, N. W. T.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY

Now offered for the disposal of the above.

Owners wishing to Realize

are requested to send in their portions of property with lowest selling prices to

E. CHILLEN, Or R. DUNDAS STRONG, Auctioneer, Qu'Appelle Station, N.W.T.

Public Notice.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that

the Hon. the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to order that

the Supreme Court for the District of Assiniboia be held at the Qu'Appelle Station, on the days and at the places following:

REGINA, The Third Tuesday in the months of March, June and December in each and every year.

MOOSE JAW, The Second Tuesday in the months of April and October in each and every year.

SWIFT CURRENT, The Third Tuesday in the months of April and October in each and every year.

QU'APPELLE STATION, The First Tuesday in the months of April and October in each and every year.

PORT QU'APPELLE, The First Tuesday in the months of May and November in each and every year.

By Command, R. B. GORDON, Lieutenant-Governor's Office, Regina, N.W.T., Tuesday, 3rd April, 1889.

The Union Credit Protective Association.

FOR Province of Manitoba, North West Territories and British Columbia, or any part of the United States, at a place, 145 Main Street, Winnipeg, Man.

Object: To make people pay their bills who can and won't. Changing their name, or moving, does no figure, having Attorneys in every town, are everywhere found out.

First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh, Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth, Fiftieth, Fifty-first, Fifty-second, Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth, Fifty-seventh, Fifty-eighth, Fifty-ninth, Sixtieth, Sixty-first, Sixty-second, Sixty-third, Sixty-fourth, Sixty-fifth, Sixty-sixth, Sixty-seventh, Sixty-eighth, Sixty-ninth, Seventieth, Seventy-first, Seventy-second, Seventy-third, Seventy-fourth, Seventy-fifth, Seventy-sixth, Seventy-seventh, Seventy-eighth, Seventy-ninth, Eightieth, Eighty-first, Eighty-second, Eighty-third, Eighty-fourth, Eighty-fifth, Eighty-sixth, Eighty-seventh, Eighty-eighth, Eighty-ninth, Ninetieth, Ninety-first, Ninety-second, Ninety-third, Ninety-fourth, Ninety-fifth, Ninety-sixth, Ninety-seventh, Ninety-eighth, Ninety-ninth, One hundredth.

LEAH CORSON, Solicitor, Qu'Appelle.

THE ODELL TYPE WRITER

\$15 will buy the ODELL TYPE WRITER. Warranted to do as good work as any \$100 machine.

It combines SIMPLICITY with DURABILITY.

—EASY, EASY OF OPERATION—Requires longer without cost of repairs than any other machine, has no ink ribbon to bother the user.

It is neat, substantial, nicely plated—perfect, and adapted to all kinds of type writing. Like a printing press, it produces sharp, clean, legible Manuscripts. Two to ten copies can be made at one writing.

Editors, lawyers, ministers, bankers, merchants, manufacturers, business men, etc., cannot make a better investment for \$15.

Any intelligent person in a week can become a competent operator, or a rapid one in two months.

\$1,000 offered any operator who can do better work with a True Writer than that produced by the ODELL.

Agents and Salesmen Wanted. Special inducements to dealers. For pamphlet, giving endorsements, etc., address the

ODELL TYPE WRITER CO., The Bookery, Chicago, Ill.

Orders taken at THE PROGRESS OFFICE, Qu'Appelle.

ALWAYS READY

To Alleviate PAIN

AND ILLS.

That Old, Reliable Killer of Pain.

Wholesale International or Retail.

First Aid to Pain Sufferers. Keep a place in every family, Machine Shop and

ARRIVED!

Direct from Eastern Manufacturers, One Carload of

Parlor Suites.

Bed-room suites,

Lounges,

Easy Chairs,

Sideboards,

Tables,

Chairs of all sorts,

These Goods will be sold at the Lowest Cash price and we would request

intending purchasers to give us a call

We guarantee Goods and Prices to suit every one.

G. H. V. BULYEA.

NOVELS.

New Novels Received Every Week

AT THE

QU'APPELLE

MEDICAL HALL,

In "The Progress" Building.

A CAREFULLY ASSORTED STOCK OF

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES,

TOGETHER WITH A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Books, Stationery & Fancy Goods,

FORMING A FIRST CLASS DRUG & STATIONERY STORE,

House and Cattle Medicines a Speciality.

Physicians Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded

PRICES RIGHT.

WM. BRYDON,

(Late Examiner of the Ontario College of Pharmacy.)

Qu'Appelle, Oct. 13, 1888.

MANAGER.

THE WANZER

SEWING MACHINES!

Received the following unprecedented distinctions at the

Vienna Exhibition, 1873:

TWO MEDALS OF MERIT,

A distinction not obtained by any other Sewing Machine at the Exhibition. ONE GRAND SILVER MEDAL for the best Family and Manufacturing Sewing Machine.

The Emperor of Austria conferred upon Mr. E. M. Wanzer, THE IRON CROSS, and knighted him with the order of FRANCIS JOSEPH THE FIRST, for his valuable services in the Sewing Machine business, which were the highest honors conferred at the Exhibition. Mr. Wanzer is the only Sewing Machine manufacturer in Great Britain or its Colonies who received those distinguished honors.

JAMES WEIDMAN, AGENT.

The Canada North-West Land Co.

(LIMITED.)

Offer for Sale

SELECTED FARM LANDS

In Manitoba and the North-West Territories,

Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line

A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

For information, Plans and Maps, apply at the office of the Company, 11 Castle Street, Edinburgh, Scotland; 25 Lombard Street, London, England; 1st Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

W. B. SCARTH

MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA.

Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots.

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE

Prohibition First in Politics.

The rates for our advertising space by contract are as follows:

	One week.	One month.	Three months.	One year.
One column	\$7.00	\$10.00	\$20.00	\$50.00
Half column	4.00	6.00	15.00	40.00
Quarter column	3.00	4.00	10.00	30.00
Three inches	2.00	4.00	8.00	25.00
Two inches	1.50	3.00	5.00	20.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month, payable quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if offered \$1.00 will be charged for each additional change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-five words, 2 cents for each additional word.

The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, invariably in advance; single copies 5 cents.

A liberal commission will be allowed to parties who are willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.

Address, JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.

FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1889.

PRAIRIE FIRES.

The Regina Leader labors very hard to show that the C.P.R. does not start all prairie fires. Nobody possessing the least grain of common sense supposes that they do. There are many fires started by individuals who should be punished, but frequently are not. Still along the line of any railway in any prairie country the fires generally originate from the locomotives. To require the railway company to plow a fire break along their line is just as reasonable in this country as to require them to fence their property in more settled countries. That the C.P.R. should bear the whole expense, however, is not reasonable. The settlers must be protected or they cannot live in the country. It is not the man whose land is intersected by the railway who alone suffers, but in many cases a fire starts at the railway and devastates many miles of country. The Dominion Government wants the country filled up, and is therefore interested in the welfare of the settlers, and the railway's prosperity is materially affected by the successful development of the country. Both the Dominion Government and the C.P.R. Co. being thus interested, both should bear a share of the expense. The settlers are bound to have protection and their representatives must see that they get it.

Mr. C. Blackett Robinson, publisher of the "Canada Presbyterian," "The Week" and other periodicals, was in Qu'Appelle yesterday on his return journey from the Pacific coast where he has been in the interest of his publications. He said he had been very successful in introducing his publications in British Columbia. The Week is a very superior high class weekly publication of convenient form, thoroughly Canadian in sentiment and tone. It is now a well-established publication and deserving of the success it has achieved. The subscription price is \$3.00 a year. The Canada Presbyterian is the organ of the Presbyterian church, and is also an excellent weekly periodical. It is \$2.00 a year.

The Legislative Assembly seems to have lost no time in getting down to work. They are pushing things with an alacrity that might be copied by more pretentious legislative bodies. The dual language, separate school, and prairie fire questions are likely to be the most important questions that will be considered. The French language, and the separate schools, have got to go if the

side.

A paragraph is going the rounds of the press that Mr. Thos. McKay, of Prince Albert, is likely to be elected to the Senate in place of the late Hon. Mr. Hardisty.

THE LIBERALS AND THE AGITATION.

Mr. Laurier's meeting with the Liberals of Toronto has revealed a fact as surprising as it is satisfactory. The bursts of applause which greeted Mr. Laurier's reference to Colonel O'Brien's motion in favor of disallowance of the Jesuits' Estates Act and which were repeated, though it was quite evident that the speaker had no sympathy for Colonel O'Brien and was plainly embarrassed by the unexpected manifestation of feeling of his audience, can only mean one thing, and that is that, in spite of the action of the Liberal leaders and Parliamentary party, a strong party of the Liberals of the country are firm anti-Jesuits. It has been perfectly manifest for a long time that the Conservative party in Ontario was honey-combed with Anti-Jesuitism, but it was generally supposed that the Liberal party was indifferent. It now appears that Mr. Charlton leads a considerable party in the Province, and it is hardly to be doubted that had he been present at the Liberal meeting in Toronto, he, rather than Mr. Laurier, would have been the real leader of the party at a meeting called to hear Mr. Laurier. Great fact was apparently necessary if a break-up or demonstration against Mr. Laurier was to be avoided, and the Liberal leader gave proof in a remarkable degree of the possession of this qualification of a leader. He managed to turn the point of the audience's approval of Col. O'Brien's motion against the Government. Both Mr. Laurier and Mr. Fisher contended that the Jesuits' Estates affair had to be settled in some way. This was only true in a political sense. The Jesuits' Estates had long been settled—they had been settled upon the educational interests of this province. There was, as Mr. Mercier declared, no legal claim against them, and had not Mercier required the support of the Jesuits and of the Roman Catholic Church there would have been no recognition by him or by any one else of any fictitious moral claim. If Mr. Mercier declares that the Estates could not be disposed of without the sanction of the Pope, and we ask why not, his reply is that it would subject the Premier and the members of the Government to the spiritual pains and penalties which are at the command of the Pope. The meaning of this is obvious: that the Pope's authority is supreme, that Rome rules, and that the affairs of the province are being administered not with reference to the needs of the people, but in compliance with the demands of the Church.

With both Mr. Laurier and Mr. Fisher the great argument in self-defence for their very unfortunate vote on the O'Brien resolution is that the minority of Quebec did not raise any great fuss about it when it was before the Legislature here, or indeed at any time before the O'Brien resolution vote. They both, as reported, exaggerate the facts, and end in declaring that the matter was fully before the minority of Quebec long before it passed without opposition, they unwittingly say what is substantially untrue. It may be quite true that the whole matter was fully before such well-informed statesmen as Messrs. Laurier and Fisher, but it is equally true that, possibly through the remissness of those who did know all about it, the Jesuits' Estates act was hardly heard of by the Protestants of this province till a day or two before it passed the Legislature, and its full import only penetrated the people by degrees. The clear exposure of the act in the Gazette drew little attention from a public which always skips what looks like party editorials, and the exposure by the Witness was, doubtless, put

to scramble for while he was turning our national constitution inside out had doubtless then, as it seems still to have, more or less effect in shutting the eyes of some to the mischief that was being done. It is true, however, though Mr. Laurier and Mr. Fisher may have taken no more note of it than Protestants generally did of Mr. Mercier's machinations, that there was a very clear protest on the part of the Quebec minority as far as represented by the Presbyterian Church, and that Col. O'Brien's motion was in a large measure the outgrowth of that protest. These gentlemen are, on the whole, however, right in asserting that the country did not fly to arms until after the O'Brien motion was rejected. They had both very good reason to feel strongly on that subject. The country must have seemed to them to have kept treacherously calm, for it quite deceived them as to its feelings until after they had committed themselves on the wrong side. Had they only realized the strength of feeling which lay beneath the surface, they might have been almost as much afraid to anger the Protestants as they were to oppose the solid vote of the Roman Catholics. We do not pretend that they repent of that vote, for being both eminently conscientious men, we are certain that they have both fully convinced themselves that they did right, and even from a political point of view, they doubtless still value the solid Roman Catholic vote as more dangerous than all the Protestant feeling which is, they think, expending itself before the elections. It is well however that not only these two Liberal leaders should understand, but that the whole nation should understand what it was that really startled the country. It was not Mr. Mercier's coquetting with the Jesuits, the country will know that Mr. Mercier owed his position to an alliance with the Jesuits, and had to pay for it. The country well knew that the Pope had a majority in the Quebec Legislature, and was in nowise startled by any amount of subservience there. It was when the country saw that the Pope was in his own person a majority in the Dominion Parliament, when it realized that the name of the Pope written anywhere upon an act as endorser of it, not only made all Romanists, clerical and lay, necessarily solid in its support, no matter how distasteful it might be, as in this case it was to many of them, but also, as a consequence, made both parties in the Dominion prostrate themselves before it. It was especially when Liberals saw their leaders voluntarily place the papal foot upon their necks. It was when the country realized that the Pope, whenever he chose to intervene, was supreme in Canada, and that the country had not even in a house, by a large majority Protestant, any protection that it uttered an agonized cry of alarm. It was not what Mr. Mercier did, but what Mr. Laurier and Mr. Fisher did, what Sir John Macdonald and Mr. Colby did, which roused an excitement neither party knows how to face.—Montreal Witness.

ALMOST DRIVEN INSANE.

"I had such distress in my stomach and head that I thought I would lose my reason, but on trying Parkes' Blood Purifier, I derived great benefit. I have used three bottles, and am now as well as I ever was in my life, thanks to your medicine."

MRS. LIZZIE DOUGLASS,
Redville, Ont.

R. JOHNSTON,

DEALER IN
Agricultural Implements,
Barbed Wire,
Buggies, Buckboards,
WAGONS, ETC.
LIVERY,
Feed and Sale Stable
First Class Rigs.
Daily Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
QU'APPELLE, ASSIN.

Harness & Saddlery

WHIPS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
BELLS,
BLANKETS,
SPURS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

P. E. DURST

Watchmaker & Jeweler,
QU'APPELLE,
DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
DIAMONDS, SPECTACLES,
ETC., ETC.

Particular Attention

Paid to Repairing all kinds of Fine Watches.
Orders by Mail or Stage promptly Attended to.
W. E. INGRAHAM,
Manager.

J. H. MacCAUL,

Insurance Agent,

AND DEALER IN

Hard & Soft Coal,
BRICK,
LUMBER,
SASH,
DOORS,

BUILDING PAPER, ETC., ETC.
QU'APPELLE.

All description of seasoned British Columbia Lumber in Stock.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE

Price of Beef.

Steak 10cts per lb.
Beef by the side, 6 cts per lb.
TERMS CASH.

W. H. BELL,

BUTCHER.

J. McEWEN,

General Blacksmith.

Carriage and Wagon Builder.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

All kinds of Job Work strictly attended to. Plow shares made to order and guaranteed to work. A large quantity of

IRON AND COAL

KEPT ON HAND FOR SALE.

Carriage springs, axles and timber-shoes for wagons.

S. H. COLLINS.

QU'APPELLE.

DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes!

AT

Any Price You Want Them

From \$1 up to \$10.

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

TERMS CASH.

S. H. COLLINS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

Portage Avenue, Winnipeg.
BENNETT & CO., PROPRIETORS.
(Late of the New Douglas.)

The Largest and Most Complete Hotel west of St. Paul.
Hot and Cold Baths on each floor. Large and Convenient Sample Rooms for Commercial Men. Passenger Elevator. Graded Prices.

HAS RESUMED his meetings and is now prepared to receive orders for work. Plain and fancy needlework, knitting and mending, etc., executed by the Guild. For further particulars apply to MISS BOYCE, Sec.-Treas.

Tender for a license to cut timber on Dominion Land in the district of Saskatchewan.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tender for a license to cut timber" will be received in this department up till noon on Monday, the 4th day of November next, for a license to cut timber on a berth of one square mile, described as follows:—Commencing at a point which is about four miles easterly from Labat's House, on the Little Red River, a tributary of the North Saskatchewan River, in the said district, which house is situated about 30 miles north-east of Prince Albert; thence due north one and one-half miles; thence due east one-half mile; thence due south two miles; thence due west one-half mile; thence due north one-half mile more or less, to the place of beginning. The conditions upon which a license will be issued, may be obtained at this Department or at the office of the Crown Timber Agent at Prince Albert.

Each tender must be accompanied by a marked cheque payable to the order of the Deputy of the Minister of the Interior for the amount of the bonus, which the applicant is prepared to pay for the license.
JOHN B. HALL,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 25th September, 1889.



J. G. McKENZIE,

Merchant Tailor

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Fit and Workmanship

Guaranteed.

TERMS CASH.

PATTERNS.

Orders received at the Qu'Appelle Medical Hall for

Butterick's Patterns

For Dresses.

Winter Flowers.

Orders received at the

Qu'Appelle Medical Hall,

FOR

winter-flowering Bulbs,

Including

Hyacinths, Tulips, Snowballs, Jonquills, Etc., etc., etc.

These plants are hardy and will not be injured by frosts that would kill geraniums, etc.

THE ROYAL TEMPLARS

OF TEMPERANCE.

A Christian Temperance and Prohibition society, with its doors wide open to every man and woman desiring to unite in the effort to combat the great evil of intemperance, teaching also that total abstinence is less liable to sickness and accident, live longer than non-abstainers, and suffer injustice when classified with such inferior risks in insurance companies or benefit societies.

ITS OBJECTS ARE:

1. To teach that intemperance and all that produces or sustains it should be regarded as a crime, and to seek to overthrow the traffic in strong drink.
2. To educate the young in temperance principles and to reform and strengthen the fallen.
3. To improve the moral, intellectual, social and physical condition of its members.
4. To teach its members to be industrious and provident.
5. To furnish medical attendance and care for sick members; to afford pecuniary aid to disabled members, give respectable burial to the dead, and provide for widow, orphan or friendless left behind.
6. By its experience to prove that carefully selected total abstinence will live longer, have less sickness, fewer accidents and enjoy greater physical blessings than non-abstainers.

ITS FINANCIAL BENEFITS ARE:

Five Dollars per week during sickness, and from \$500 to \$2,000 to families or heirs of deceased members at death.

You are invited to become a Member.

Regina, Oct. 17.

The speaker took the chair at the usual hour.

Haultain reported from the special committee on standing committees as follows:

Civil justice—Cayley, Secord and Haultain.

Education—Tweed, Brett, Oliver, Richardson, Litchman, Mitchell, Chinkskill, Secord and Neff.

Standing orders and library—The Speaker, Haultain, Cayley, Thorburn, Claxton, Jolly and Hoey.

Immigration—Thorburn, Ross, Claxton, Sutherland, Chinkskill, Brett, Reaman and Jolly.

Municipal—Bettis, Secord, Cayley, Davidson, Richardson, Ross and Litchman.

Agriculture—Jelly, Mitchell, Plaxton, Reaman, Neff, Hoey and Toriff.

Public accounts and printing—Haultain, Oliver, Tweed, Sutherland, Davidson, Toriff, Bettis and Reaman.

The report was adopted. The mechanics lien amendment bill and municipal bill were read a first time.

In reply to Mr. Cayley's question on the estimates Mr. Haultain said they were prepared by His Honor as private information for the Interior department. The government acted merely as executive officer of the Dominion government and the advisory council knew nothing more about them. He was in a position, however, to say that the government would be very glad to receive suggestions on the subject from members.

Mr. Bettis' motion on the Prince Albert separate school was carried.

Messrs. Sutherland, Cayley, Ross, Haultain and Mitchell were appointed to draft an address in reply to the speech from the throne.

Mr. Neff, of Moose Mountain, criticized the speech as being a very fine literary effort, but containing not a word about prospective legislation. Haultain said the advisory board had nothing to do with the speech.

Regina, Oct. 18.

Immediately after the reading of the minutes Mr. Cayley moved a resolution of condolence.

"That this House learns with regret of the unexpected death by accident of the late Senator Hardisty, of Alberta, one of the foremost and most esteemed residents of the Northwest Territories, and desires to express to the bereaved widow and family its utmost sympathy with them in their affliction and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the late senator's widow."

Mr. Oliver, who seconded the motion, and Mr. Cayley bore testimony to the estimable qualities of the deceased Senator.

Mr. Secord presented the petition from W. D. Cowan and others, asking for the passing of an ordinance to regulate the profession of dentistry. The petition was referred to a special committee, consisting of Oliver, Cayley, Ross the mover and second.

Notice was given of the introduction of ordinances on game, straying of animals, mortgages and sales of personal property, justices of the peace, medicine and other subjects.

On motion of Messrs. Cayley and Tweed, the following members were appointed a special committee to draft a petition to the government for the repeal of section 119 of the Northwest Territories Act. Messrs. Chinkskill, Haultain, Neff and the mover and second.

Mr. Cayley said the opinion of the assembly and country could not be mistaken on this question, and there was no necessity for commenting on the matter.

Messrs. Bettis and Richardson moved for a declared statement of the cost of each inspector of schools within the Territories.

On motion of Messrs. Thorburn and Reaman a special committee, consisting of Jelly, Neff, Davidson and the mover and second, was appointed to consider disadvantages and evils under which the farmers may be suffering.

Dr. Brett introduced an ordinance to amend the medical ordinance.

Mr. Haultain introduced a bill to regulate public aid to charitable institutions.

Regina, Oct. 19.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2:30. Mr. Secord gave notice of a motion on Artesian wells.

Mr. Neff—of an amendment to the Ordinance incorporating Moose Mountain.

Mr. Jelly—of an Ordinance respecting cheese and butter manufacturing corporations.

Mr. Secord—of a motion for a memorial to the Dominion Government praying for passing of an Act compelling railway companies in the Northwest to plow and burn on uncultivated lands a strip 200 feet wide along each side of their roads.

Mr. Mitchell's bill amending the Police Ordinance by withdrawing the Saskatchewan provisional district from its provisions was read a first time.

Dr. Brett's bill amending the Medical Ordinance was advanced a stage. It proposed merely to change the date for holding the elections to the council of the medical association from February to the second Tuesday in December.

The Ordinance to regulate public aid to charitable institutions was also advanced a stage.

House adjourned.

Regina, Oct. 21.

The Speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock and after the reading of the journal laid on the table the replies of the Dominion Government to the memorials passed by the Assembly last year; also the papers asked for by Mr. Bettis concerning the Catholic Separate school at Prince Albert.

Mr. Sutherland brought in the Address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, which he asked should stand for discussion until to-morrow and meanwhile be printed, but Mr. Bettis objected to the small extra cost this would entail, and said it could be cyclostyled without any cost to the country.

Mr. Mitchell gave notice that to-morrow he would move for Mr. Thorburn's name to be added to the agricultural committee.

Mr. Reaman—That he would introduce a bill to amend chap. 9, Rev. Ord.

Mr. Cayley—A bill to amend the ordinance relating to births, deaths and marriages; also an ordinance respecting mills.

Mr. Bettis—A bill to amend the school ordinance.

Mr. Haultain—A bill to amend the ordinance respecting lunatics. (Hear, hear, from Mr. Bettis.)

On motion of Messrs. Tweed and Cayley a committee, consisting of Messrs. Secord, Richardson, Ross, mover and second, to consider the question of irrigation in certain parts of the Territories, was appointed.

Mr. Davidson introduced a bill to amend the ordinance respecting hawkers and peddlars.

Mr. Jelly—A bill respecting cheese and butter companies.

The bill to amend the Mechanics' Lien Ordinance received its second reading, and Mr. Cayley explained the bill.

After discussion the bill was laid over for a day.

The amendments to the Municipal Ordinance were read a second time. Referred to municipal committee.

The Police bill was advanced a stage and the House adjourned.

LIFE WAS A BURDEN.

Until lately I suffered from leaden, always preceded by constipation, making my life a burden. A friend advised Burdock Blood Purifiers. I took three bottles, and now feel myself a new man, and my headaches are things of the past.

A. R. JONES,

Ottawa, Ont.

The Grand Chaplain of the Orange Grand Lodge, Rev. W. F. Wilson, of Toronto, has consented to take Rev. Dr. Moore's place at the approaching Gunpowder Hill celebration in Ottawa, and will preach the anniversary sermon on Sunday afternoon, November 3.

prize-winners at the Pheasant Forks Agricultural Society's show held on the 10th inst.:

CLASS I.—HORSES, HEAVY DRAUGHT.

Brood mare, 1 W. Burton, 2 H. Teece.

Filly or gelding, 3 years old, 1 and 2 F. Ward.

Filly or gelding, 2 years old, C. S. Dickenson.

Filly or gelding, 1 year old, 1 R. G. Thompson, 2 T. Bee.

General purpose team, 1 W. Burton, 2 F. Ward, 3 H. Ward.

Carriage team, 1 J. Dinman, 2 H. Ward.

Single carriage horse, 1 J. Dinman, 2 J. Burton.

Saddle horse, 1 J. Dinman, 2 J. McKen.

Foal of 1889, 1 J. Burton, 2 H. Teece.

CLASS II.

Filly or gelding, 2 years old, 1 J. Franks, 2 J. McKen.

Filly or gelding, 1 year old, 1 J. Franks.

CLASS III.

Brood mare, 1 J. P. Webster, 2 J. McKen.

Team driving ponies, 1 D. Collins.

Single driving pony, 1 J. Dinman, 2 D. Collins.

Saddle pony, 1 J. Dinman, 2 D. Collins.

Colt, 1 year, H. Q. Stillborn.

Foal of 1889, 1 J. McKen, 2 D. Collins.

CLASS IV.—CATTLE

Bull, pedigree, T. Bee.

Bull calf, 1 C. S. Dickenson, 2 H. Q. Stillborn.

Milch cow, 1 and 2 H. Teece, 3 H. Q. Stillborn.

Cow, 3 years, 1 D. Collins.

Heifer, 2 years, 1 L. Brown, 2 H. Teece.

Heifer, 1 year, 1 H. Teece, 2 L. Brown.

Heifer calf, 1 L. Brown, 2 L. Battersby.

Yoke working oxen, 1 J. Teece, 2 J. P. Webster, 3 E. Burdette.

Fat beast, 1 T. Bee, 2 H. Teece, 3 E. Burdette.

Steer, 3 years old, J. Franks.

Steer, 2 years old, 1 H. Teece, Jr., 2 H. Teece, Sr.

Steer, 1 year old, 1 H. Q. Stillborn, 2 T. Bee.

Steer calf, 1 J. P. Webster, 2 J. Teece.

Head, 1 C. S. Dickenson, 2 H. Q. Stillborn, 3 J. P. Webster.

CLASS V.—SHEEP.

Ram, 1 year, W. Hine.

Ram lamb, W. Hine.

Pair ewes, L. Battersby.

Pen of 4 ewes, 1 L. Battersby, 2 W. Hine.

CLASS VI.—SWINE.

Pair spring pigs, 1 R. Newson, 2 J. Cooke.

CLASS VII.—POULTRY.

Pair Brahmas, J. McKen.

Pair Plymouth Rocks, 1 J. P. Webster, 2 J. McKen.

Pair white Leghorns, 1 H. Q. Stillborn, 2 W. Redgwick.

Pair turkeys, 1 W. Redgwick, 2 J. P. Webster.

Pair Geese, 1 R. Newson, 2 J. P. Webster.

Pair pigeons, 1 and 2 H. Q. Stillborn.

CLASS VIII.—GRAIN.

2 bushel Red Fife wheat, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 J. McKen.

2 bushel white Fife wheat, W. R. Motherwell.

2 bushels barley, J. McKen.

2 bushels white oats, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 J. McKen.

2 bushels black oats, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 J. McKen.

2 bushels field peas, W. R. Motherwell.

CLASS IX.—ROOTS AND VEGETABLES.

Early Rose potatoes, 1 L. Brown, 2 J. Robinson.

Potatoes, any variety, L. Brown.

Swede turnips, L. Brown.

White turnips, 1 H. Q. Stillborn, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

Field carrots, 1 H. Teece, 2 J. Teece.

Table carrots, 1 H. Teece, L. Brown.

Mangold Wurtzels, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 H. Q. Stillborn.

Beets, 1 J. Teece, 2 H. Teece.

Parsnips, 1 H. Teece, 2 S. R. Donnelly.

Pumpkins, J. Robinson.

Winnipeg, W. R. Motherwell.

Citron, W. R. Motherwell, 2 T. R. Donnelly.

Top onions, 1 T. R. Donnelly, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

Kale, T. R. Donnelly.

Potato onions, 1 R. G. Thompson, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

Tomatoes, W. R. Motherwell.

Summer savory, L. Brown.

Sage, T. Loveridge.

CLASS X.—DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Tub butter, 1 R. Amy, 2 L. Brown.

Roll butter, T. Loveridge, 2 L. Brown.

Cheese, H. Q. Stillborn, 2 T. Loveridge.

Bread, 1 Miss Harper, 2 Mrs. Redgwick.

Pickles, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 L. Brown.

CLASS XI.—LADIES' WORK.

Patchwork quilt, cotton, 1 J. H. Ellis, 2 J. Dinman.

Patchwork quilt, woolen, J. McKen.

Knitted counterpane, 1 T. R. Donnelly, 2 W. Burton.

Hooked mat, 1 W. Burton, 2 J. Dinman.

Berlin wool work, 1 J. H. Ellis, 2 J. Dinman.

Braided wool work, recommended to T. R. Donnelly.

Crochet cotton work, 1 Miss Harper, 2 Miss Sylvia Willis.

Piece of embroidery, J. Dinman.

Fancy wool knitting, 2 Miss Newson.

Gent's flannel shirt, 1 J. Dinman, 2 W. R. Motherwell.

Gent's fine white shirt, W. R. Motherwell.

Crochet wool work, J. H. Ellis.

Gent's wool socks, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 W. Burton.

Darned socks, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 W. Redgwick.

Gent's woolen mitts, 1 W. R. Motherwell, 2 W. Burton.

Special (by R. P. Richardson, M. L.A.), 1 Mrs. J. H. Ellis, 2 Miss S. Willis.

SPECIALS.

Best foal sired by Young Champion, (by J. P. Webster), H. Ward.

Best pair colts, (by J. P. Webster), H. Ward.

Best yearlings, heifer and steer, (by J. P. Webster), 1 & 2 L. Brown.

Prof. Saunders of the Dominion experimental farm, says: "In the Northwest our experiments with corn have been very promising. An exceptionally dry season have been against them, but the produce this year has been sufficient to lead me to believe that there will be no difficulty in average seasons in raising a large quantity of good fodder corn for winter feed for stock. This is becoming an important point in Manitoba, where farmers are going into mixed farming. The yield of grain in western and southern Manitoba has not been equal to what was expected by the farmers, but notwithstanding this a larger acreage is being prepared for seed than ever before, showing that those who have the greatest experience have implicit faith in the country. The Portage district is estimated to have an average of 25 bushels to the acre, and the district north and northwest of Winnipeg has also produced some very fine crops. In the territories the yield of grain has been very encouraging on summer-fallow. As far as I have been able to ascertain, it has run from 20 to 25 bushels to the acre, but on fall or spring-plowed ground much less. The Bell farm has an average of 18 bushels, taking summer-fallow and spring plowed together. All things considered, the outlook in Manitoba and the territories is most favorable."

J. & G. Brown,

Carriage & Wagon

Makers.

Repairs of all kinds of

Wood Work promptly

attended to.

Shop one door North of F. Mc-

world's Blacksmith Shop.

On Apple.

Transcontinental Highway

Connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

Through Time Table

EAST AND WEST.

HEAD DOWN.

ALL EX.

7.00 pm

10.00

3.00 pm

5.00

A 4.00 DE

12.45

13.00

17.38

19.51

2.07

5.05

11.20

14.33

16.45 Ar

17.55 De

18.55

21.25

23.45

24.15

24.20

24.37

1.03

1.28

1.55

2.30

4.10

4.43

5.8

5.57

6.16

6.30

7.41

9.55 Ar

10.45 De

11.45

13.37

16.00 Ar

A 9.45 am LV

1.00 pm

8.00

3.20

6.15

6.55

7.10

7.30

3.00 pm LV

7.00 am AR

J 12.30 LV

15.40

18.38

19.35

21.00

J K

9.45 12.10 LV

11.20 14.47

11.47 15.15

12.15 13.35

16.33 18.05

17.40 19.25

18.00

19.01

19.15

QU'APPELLE OBSERVATORY.

Readings of the thermometers for the week ending Wednesday, Oct. 23th, 1889:

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Thursday, Oct. 17	55	21
Friday, Oct. 18	44	24
Saturday, Oct. 19	35	30
Sunday, Oct. 20	28	21
Monday, Oct. 21	32	17
Tuesday, Oct. 22	32	17
Wednesday, Oct. 23	34	28

	6 a.m.	1 p.m.	6 p.m.
Thursday, Oct. 17	sw 6	s 9	se 6
Friday, Oct. 18	sw 5	s 12	s 4
Saturday, Oct. 19	sw 5	sw 17	s 9
Sunday, Oct. 20	ss 13	s 9	s 4
Monday, Oct. 21	s 10	se 11	s 4
Tuesday, Oct. 22	se 14	s 21	s 12
Wednesday, Oct. 23	s 4	s 7	s 7

The Qu'Appelle Progress

The Leading Paper in
East Assiniboia.

Only \$1.00 a Year in Advance.

FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1889.

Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's
Chain of History.

QU'APPELLE.

—The originator of a prairie fire was fined this week.

—Mr. W. E. Jones, Indian agent at Fort Pelly, was in town this week.

—Mr. H. Peck left here for his old home in England yesterday morning.

—Mrs. E. W. Warner's mother has returned from her trip to Prince Albert.

—A runaway team of oxen demolished Mr. Frank Marwood's sign on Tuesday evening.

—Hear Bengough next Monday evening in Government Hall (the Immigration building) at 20 o'clock.

—Mr. Leslie Gordon's sale on Saturday passed off successfully. Good prices were realized for the thoroughbred stock.

—Mr. and Mrs. Marwood, Mrs. G. S. Davidson, Mrs. Jas. Scott, N. H. Hines and others took in the C.P.R. excursion to Banff.

—One of the Leland house bears was taken sick late Monday night and before morning was dead. It is supposed it was poisoned.

—Arrangements are in progress for holding a union thanksgiving service in the Presbyterian church on Thanksgiving day, Nov. 5.

—We would suggest to those who are owing us for subscriptions to *The Progress*, or otherwise, that their dollars are needed to pay bills for paper, wages, etc.

—Crowded houses always greet Gripp at his sketching entertainments. Meet Mr. Bengough next Monday evening. You may expect to see and hear some good local hits. Tickets 50 cents; reserved seats 75 cents.

—Messrs. White Bros., of England, have purchased a farm adjoining Mr. Chambers near the Valley. They have engaged Mr. Harry Mitchell to secure them a water supply and he is now fulfilling that task.

—No one should miss the entertainment to be given on Tuesday, Nov. 5th, in aid of St. Peter's Sunday School. Many old favorites with the Qu'Appelle public have kindly promised to assist, and a special feature will be Miss Jarley's Wax Works, acknowledged on all hands to be splendid fun. Look out for the posters for further particulars and remember the 5th of November.

—Rev. D. V. Lucas delivered his lecture on "Queer things in Australia" in the Methodist church here on Wednesday evening last. There was a large audience who thoroughly enjoyed the amusing incidents and anecdotes with which his lecture was interspersed. Mr. Lucas described many of the birds and animals of Australia, and his lecture was highly instructive as well as amusing.

—Jagger & Davies have been appointed agents for this district for Scribner's patent resonant pipe combination organs, and we would call attention to their advertisement in another column. These organs, whilst similar in outward appearance to an ordinary "American," yet possess improvements in their internal mechanism which place them in the front rank. The tone is mellow and flute-like, resembling that of a pipe organ, whilst the volume of sound is much increased. Call and see them at the Philharmonic society's rooms. Prices are favorable with any other make. The new firm are prepared to do anything in the music line.

—Mr. J. W. Bengough is a genius at caricature. He will give his popular sketching entertainment in Government Hall next Monday evening.

—A case of wood-stealing was before a magistrate's court this week. A conviction was secured. There has been too much of that kind of thing, and it is to be hoped parties guilty of such acts will be brought to justice.

—The Leland House have fenced in a plot of ground adjoining the house on the east and have erected a summer house. Evergreens and other trees have been planted, and preparations are being made for an artistic flower garden next year.

—Next week we will commence the publication of a serial story of thrilling interest entitled "Roy Berry." This story is well worth reading, and none of the chapters should be missed. Look out for it. *The Progress* from now till January 1st, 1891, for one dollar.

—At the Leland: C. B. Robinson, E. C. S. Wotmore, Toronto; A. McDonald, W. Sutherland, Fort Qu'Appelle; E. J. Brooks, G. Thompson, Indian Head; John Moore, Otter Tail; J. K. Barrett, J. Levy, A. S. Binnis, J. W. Munroe, F. H. Hall, W. S. Burns, Winnipeg; C. Howson, J. Shoor, Regina; A. W. R. Markley, Calgary; A. French, Hamilton; G. A. Campbell, Montreal; H. S. Reynolds, File Hills; G. A. Cockhill, Prince Albert; Rev. D. V. Lucas, Toronto.

—At the Queen's: J. Haffner, J. Johnston, F. Hartwig, B. Davies, Mrs. Davies, B. Iman, Winnipeg; G. Stewart, Edmonton; J. Peables, J. Whitcomb, Fort Qu'Appelle; W. H. Aldous, Lake; W. Brown, W. H. Ball, Grenfell; S. R. Howard, Jos. Clark and wife, Montreal; W. Clouston, T. Copeland, Regina; A. Cooper, Toronto; A. Workman, Brandon; A. Sibbard, Indian Head; A. Campbell, Moose Jaw; W. E. Jones, Fort Pelly; Jules Godard and wife, Paris, H. T. Ford, Touchwood; W. D. Dunlop, Devil's Lake; H. Turner, Virden.

—Many have not heard Mr. J. W. Bengough lecture, and the opportunity to be given next Monday evening should not be missed. While he is speaking he draws crayon sketches of public men of the Dominion and also of men in the audience. He keeps his audience amused by the best of good humor. Any one who has not seen or heard him will be surprised at his genius for caricature. The lecture begins at 20 o'clock. Tickets, 50 cents; reserved seats 75 cents. Reserved seats may be bought at the stores of Messrs. S. H. Caswell, J. P. Beauchamp, A. S. Empey and at *The Progress* office.

A "CHURCH" INCIDENT.

The Sun special correspondent with His Excellency, the Governor-General's party writes from Banff as follows:

"Sunday was a quiet day here. His Lordship Bishop Pinkham, of Calgary and Saskatchewan, conducted the Divine service of the Church of England in the Methodist church in the morning, and in the Presbyterian church in the evening, assisted by the Rev. H. Cooper, rector of Calgary. At the latter service Their Excellencies and all members of the vice-regal party were present.

In describing the laying of the corner stone of the Anglican church which occurred on Monday, the Sun correspondent says further on in the same letter:

"He expressed his best wishes to the Presbyterian and Methodist denominations for their kindness in permitting the Church of England people to worship in their churches, while yet they had none of their own, and he felt it all the more because these people had been told that under similar circumstances the English church could not permit the same thing."

ATTACKED THREE TIMES.

"Having been attacked for the 3rd time with inflammatory Rheumatism which kept me in bed six weeks under medical care, without relief, I resolved to try Barwick Blood Purifiers, and before I had finished the third bottle, I was able to work again."

Gordon Ross,
Garden Hill, Ont.

An Edinburgh theatre has electric bells in connection with its bar to warn the frequenters of the latter when the next piece is about to begin. The total abstinence society of the city has resolved to make an effort to have the theatre bars abolished.

WANTED
GOOD GENERAL SERVANT.
Good Wages.
Apply to MRS. LAKE,
Grenfell.

Government Hall

QU'APPELLE.

Monday, Oct. 28, 1889.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

MR. J. W.

BENGOUGH

—OF—

"CRIP."

IN HIS UNIQUE & CELEBRATED
SKETCHING ENTERTAINMENT.

An evening of MIMICRY, MUSIC, LACONIC and FUN, embellished with

Rapid Crayon Sketches
of People You Know.

Look out for Happy Local Hits. Doors open at 7.30; to commence at 8.00. Tickets 50 cents; Reserved Seats 75 cents, may be had at the stores of Messrs. S. H. Caswell, J. P. Beauchamp and A. S. Empey, and at *The Progress* Office.

ASTRAY.

Strayed on to the premises of John Barnsley, a Bay mare. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.
JOHN BARNSELEY.

STRAYED

FROM TOUCHWOOD, 5 PONIES AND 1 COLT.
1 Sorrel horse with short ears.
1 Sorrel mare with star in forehead.
1 Black mare with cut.
1 Light roan horse.
1 Dark roan with dark mane and tail.
Parties giving such information as will lead to their recovery will be suitably rewarded.

T. GALLAGHER, Touchwood,
or G. S. Davidson, Qu'Appelle.
October 10, 1889.

FOR SALE.

1 Thoroughbred Bull with pedigree.
23 Cows, all in calf to thoroughbred bull.
20 Calves.
6 Yearlings.
Would take a pair of good working horses in exchange.
Time given on part of purchase money.
L. W. MULLHOLLAND,
Qu'Appelle.



Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postoffice Inspector will be received at Ottawa until noon on FRIDAY, Twenty-second November next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, twelve times per week each way, between Indian Head and Railway station, from the 1st January next. Competed distance 4 of a mile.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender obtained at the Post Office of Indian Head and at this office.

W. W. McLEOD,
Postoffice Inspector,
Postoffice Inspector's Office,
Winnipeg, 2nd October, 1889.

S. John's School for Boys

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Head Master, Mr. T. A. Owen.

FEES: \$65 per term, inclusive from which a deduction of \$5 will be made for payment in advance.
Tuition only \$15 per Term.
For further particulars apply to the Head Master.

J. F. GUERIN, L.D.S.,

DENTAL SURGEON.

QU'APPELLE.

OFFICE on Main street, Qu'Appelle.

J. B. ROBINSON

Contractor, Builder,

ETC., ETC.

QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive
Careful Attention.

NEW BAKERY.

A. McKenzie,

QU'APPELLE.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.,

Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes

A SPECIALTY.

THE LATEST IN ORGANS AND PIANOS.

WE HAVE BEEN APPOINTED

Sole Agents for this District

FOR THE NEW

Scribner's Patent Resonant Combination
ORGANS.

THE FINEST THING!

In Connection with the Reed Organ Ever
Invented.

Cannot be excelled for Tone, Volume & Finish.

IN VARIOUS STYLES. PRICES LOW.

See Circulars which may be obtained from

JAGGER & DAVIES

QU'APPELLE.

Agents for Organs, Pianos, etc. Everything in the Music line.

JAMES & FURNESS.

Produce and Commission Merchants,

DEALER IN

Mess Pork, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Butter, Dried
Fruit, Cheese, Eggs, Potatoes, Hops, Grain,

BALED HAY AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

72 Colborne Street, Toronto, Ontario.

Fish, Game and Poultry Handled in Season. Advances made on Consignments.
Consignments of all kinds of Produce Solicited.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

NOW SELLING

AT VERY LOW FIGURES!

MY STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes,

Clothing, Dry Goods,

HARDWARE.

CROCKERY & GROCERIES

is still very complete. Please give us a call and see for yourself.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

THE LE LAND HOUSE,

Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia.

Love & Raymond,

PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated. Everything
New and First-Class Throughout

SUITS FOR FAMILIES. TERMS MODERATE!

H. McINTOSH. A. McINTOSH

QUEEN'S HOTEL,

OF THE

TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.

The Leading House in the West.

McINTOSH BROS., PROPRIETORS.

J. Burghall & Sons,
CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS

E. O. Box 409, Qu'Appelle

Jobbing Punctually at-
tended to.

Estimates Free.

Designs furnished or Drafts made when
desired.

FRANK MARWOOD
SUCCESSOR TO T. WELSH,

General Blacksmith

—AND—

Practical Horse-shoer.

QU'APPELLE.

A trial solicited from parties having lame or
interfering horses. Flow Shares made to
order and satisfaction guaranteed.

WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.